

INTELLOFAX 7  
Apr 1994

Approved For Release 2000/04/18 : CIA-RDP82-00457R00560

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

REPORT NO.

## CD NO.

COUNTRY Yugoslavia

DATE DISTR. 28 AUG 50

SUBJECT Military Installations of the Pulj (Pola) Garrison

NO. OF PAGES 2

PLACE  
ACQUIRED

NO. OF ENCLS. 1 plan  
(LISTED BELOW)

DATE OF INFO.

25X1A

**SUPPLEMENT TO  
REPORT NO.**

**определено.**

25X1X

Military installations of the Palj garrison are indicated on the attached plan as follows:

- 1) Fort Maria Luisa. One battery of four 150 mm. coast artillery cannon, with crew and munitions magazine.
- 1a) Munitions magazines. Old magazines that have been repaired. Protected by a strong guard unit.
- 2) Fort Fisela. This is the old fort, which has been repaired and where a battery of four 120 mm. cannons have been installed.
- 3) and 3a) Munition and mine magazines.
- 4) Monte Signale artillery position. Two batteries of four to eight small-caliber guns each, and a new barracks.
- 5) Fort Musil. This is the old fort, which has been modernized since World War II. It is reported to have four coastal batteries consisting of cannons of various calibers, several anti-aircraft machine guns, munitions magazines for small arms, and one barracks for the gun crew.
- 6) The Stoja artillery position, built by the Yugoslavs. No permanent armament. Utilized primarily for training purposes.
- 7) Fort Max. The reconstruction of this fort with reinforced concrete was completed during 1949. Brick barracks have been erected. Further details unknown.
- 8) Quarters for garrison officers. Occupied both by Army and Navy officers.
- 9) Magazine for ammunition for infantry weapons. Very strongly guarded.
- 10) Artillery polygon and drill grounds.
- 11) Fort Casoni Vecchio. Repaired in 1948. One battery consisting of two 120 mm. cannons is currently being emplaced.

CONFIDENTIAL

STATE	NAVY	NSRB	SECRET/CONTROL - U. S. OFFICIALS ONLY									
ARMY	AIR	FBI	DISTRIBUTION									

This document is hereby regraded to  
CONFIDENTIAL in accordance with the  
letter of 16 October 1978 from the  
Director of Central Intelligence to the  
Archivist of the United States.

Approved For Release 2000/04/18 : CIA-RDP82-00457R0005600390011-0

Next Review Date: 2008

Document No.                       
 No. ~~Classified~~ in Class.                       
~~Declassified~~  
 Was Changed To: TS S C  
 Date: 22 08 78  
 By: 034

**CONFIDENTIAL**

SECRET/CONTROL-U. S. OFFICIALS ONLY

25X1A

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

-2-

- 12) Miscellaneous military magazines. Guarded by marine units.
- 13) Naval hospital.
- 14) Old barracks. Formerly the Sauro and San Marco barracks which were destroyed. These have subsequently been rebuilt by the Yugoslavs. Certain outbuildings are now being constructed. Infantry and KNOJ units are housed in these barracks.
- 15) Military Technical Factory (Arsenal).
- 16) Fort San Michele. One coast artillery and one anti-aircraft battery. Also has a barracks and magazines for small arms ammunition.
- 17) The Uljan shipyard, formerly known as Socilio Olivi. Is operated by the Yugoslav Navy.
- 18) Various military magazines. This unit also includes an automobile workshop which serves the garrison.
- 19) Naval Technical School. Formerly the Hotel Riviera. Has 150 students, primarily Dalmatians and Croatsians.
- 20) Fort San Giorgio. First repaired in 1947, followed by more extensive repairs in 1949. Has two batteries, eight cannons in all, consisting of weapons of 120 mm. and 150 mm. caliber. Has one 88 mm. anti-aircraft gun.
- 21) Naval machine shop, the most modern mechanical maritime workshop. It was recently equipped with new machinery purchased abroad.
- 22) Naval magazines for arms and ammunition.
- 23) Petroleum and gasoline tanks. About 15 tanks, with a total capacity of more than 21 million liters. There are also several workshops believed by informant to be utilized for refining petroleum. There is a special mole for tankers. The entire installation is under military control.
- 24) Fort Porto Grosso, which is the largest installation in the defense system of Iulj. The Yugoslavs have done extensive repair work and remodeling for over a year. Although the fort has installations for five batteries, only two, of unknown caliber, have so far been mounted. In addition, there are also emplacements for anti-aircraft artillery and anti-aircraft machine guns. The installation is very strongly guarded and all access to the fort is strictly forbidden to unauthorized persons. The gun crews are reportedly Albanians.
- 25) Fort Monte Cristo. Rebuilt by the Yugoslavs. Now has one battery of two 120 mm. guns.
- 26) New barracks, completed in 1949.
- 27) Naval workshop. Guarded by KNOJ members, and access is forbidden to unauthorized persons.
- 28) Sveta Katarina Island. Former aircraft factory. Now contains several naval workshops.
- 29) Sveti Andrija Island. Several fortifications in the process of being erected. The island is guarded by KNOJ and access is forbidden to all unauthorized persons.

**CONFIDENTIAL**